

December 2025		YESHUA'S TEMPLE/DON'T GIVE UP MINISTRIES Torah Portions & Bible-in-a-Year Calendar				Kislev (9) / Tevet (10) 5786	
Sun	Mon	Tues	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	
11/30 Kislev 10 <u>#8– P. Vayishlach*</u> NK – 2 Sam. 14-15 BH – Mark 8	1 Kislev 11 NK – 2 Sam. 16-17 BH – Mark 9	2 Kislev 12 NK – 2 Sam. 18-19 BH – Mark 10	3 Kislev 13 NK – 2 Sam. 20-21 BH – Mark 11	4 Kislev 14 NK – 2 Sam. 22-23 BH – Mark 12	5 Kislev 15 <u>* Gen. 32:4-36:43</u> <u>*H – Oba. 1:1-21</u> <u>*BH – Mt 2:13-23</u>	6 Kislev 16 * (cont.) * “	
7 Kislev 17 <u>#9 – P. Vayeshev *</u> NK – 2 Sam. 24 BH - Mark 13	8 Kislev 18 NK – 1 Kgs. 1 BH – Mark 14	9 Kislev 19 NK– 1 Kgs. 2-3 BH – Mark 15	10 Kislev 20 NK – 1 Kgs. 4-6 BH – Mark 16	11 Kislev 21 NK – 1 Kgs. 7 BH – Luke 1	12 Kislev 22 <u>* Gen. 37:1-40:23</u> <u>H- Amos. 2:6-3::8</u> <u>*BH – Mt. 1:18-25</u>	13 Kislev 23 <i>Rhodesh Mevarkhim Tevet</i>	
14 Kislev 24 <u>Chanukah Candle 1</u> <u>#10– P. Miketz*</u> NK – 1 Kgs. 8 BH – Luke 2	15 Kislev 25 <u>Chanukah 1</u> NK – 1 Kgs. 9-10 BH – Luke 3	16 Kislev 26 <u>Chanukah 2</u> NK– 1 Kgs. 11-12 BH – Luke 4	17 Kislev 27 <u>Chanukah 3</u> NK – 1 Kgs. 13-14 BH – Luke 5	18 Kislev 28 <u>Chanukah 3</u> NK – 1 Kgs. 15-16 BH – Luke 6	19 Kislev 29 <u>Chanukah 4</u> <u>* Gen. 41:1-44:17</u> <u>*H – 1 Kgs. 3:15-4:1</u> <u>* BH –Jn. 10:22-28</u>	20 Kislev 30 <u>Chanukah 5</u> <i>Rosh Khodesh Tevet</i> * (cont.) * “	
21 Tevet 1 <u>Chanukah 6</u> <i>Rosh Khodesh Tevet</i> <u>#11 – P. Vayigash*</u> NK– 1 Kgs. 17-18 BH – Luke 7	22 Tevet 2 <u>Chanukah 7</u> NK – 1 Kgs. 19-20 BH – Luke 8	23 Tevet 3 <u>Chanukah 8</u> NK – 1 Kgs. 21-22 BH – Luke 9	24 Tevet 4 NK – 2 Kgs. 1-3 BH – Luke 10	25 Tevet 5 NK – 2 Kgs. 4-5 BH – Luke 11	26 Tevet 6 <u>* Gen. 44:18-47:27</u> <u>*H- Eze. 37:15-28</u> <u>* BH- Lk. 24:30-48</u>	27 Tevet 7 * (cont.) * “	
28 Tevet 8 <u>#12– P. Vayekhi*</u> NK– 2 Kgs. 6-8 BH – Luke 12	29 Tevet 9 NK – 2 Kgs. 9-10 BH – Luke 13	30 Tevet 10 NK – 2 Kgs. 11-12 BH – Luke 14	31 Tevet 11 NK – 2 Kgs. 13-15 BH – Luke 15	1 Tevet 12 NK – 2 Kgs. 16-17 BH – Luke 16	2 Tevet 13 <u>* Gen. 47:28-50:26</u> <u>*H – 1 Kgs. 2:1-12</u> <u>*BH – Jn. 13:1-19</u>	3 Tevet 14 * (cont.) * “	
<div>Initials & Symbols</div> <div><div>P. - Par'shah (Portion of the Torah - 1st Five Books) *- Torah Portion, Read on Shabbat (see Holidays)</div><div>*H – Haftarah – (Prophets - Shabbat Reading) () - Number of the month on the Biblical calendar</div><div>NK - Nevi'im Ketuvim (Prophets & Writings) BH - Brit Hadashah (Re(New)ed) Covenant</div></div> <div>(Underlined PDF links enabled above contain Par'shah playlist videos from Yeshua's Temple YouTube Channel) Par'shah Names & Meanings, This Month's Holidays, Holiday Scriptures, and more on the next page.</div>							

December 2025 Par'shah (Portion) Names *Marked with * . Scriptures listed each Friday.*
(Underlined par'shah PDF links (if enabled) below will contain par'shah-themed videos from Sharon's Messianic Journey YouTube Channel)

#8 – Vayishlach – וַיִּשְׁלַח – “And [He] Sent Out”

#9 – Vayeshev – וַיֵּשֶׁב – “And [He] Settled”

#10 – Miketz – מִקֵּץ – “At the End”

#11 – Vayigash – וַיִּגַּשׁ – “And [He] Approached”

#12 – Vayekhi – וַיֵּכִי – “And [He] Lived”

Why Do We Use This Calendar?

This calendar has been compiled to help anyone who desires to keep the Biblical festival days, holidays, fast days, and weekly reading schedule to help them gain a better understanding of God and His Word, while at the same time reading the Scriptures through in a year, including the Brit Hadashah (*Re(New)ed Covenant*). The first Biblical account of public Torah readings is found in Nehemiah 8 (after Israel returned from captivity in Babylon), where Ezra the scribe read aloud from the scrolls of the Torah to the entire congregation of Israel. This occurrence eventually led to weekly Torah readings in synagogues. As in the time of Yeshua (*Jesus*), even until today, the children of Israel still read the Torah Portions in a cycle, a portion each week, for the entire year. Because of this, Yeshua almost certainly would have followed the Torah Portions schedule and celebrated most, if not all, of the Biblical holidays and traditions listed on this calendar, especially those which are commanded by Scripture. We believe it is advantageous to follow the Torah portions schedule to learn more about the things of God from a Hebrew perspective, which can help us immensely with our spiritual growth. As a result, most of the terms on this calendar are often given in Hebrew transliterated terms with a translation and a short description. We can better appreciate how they all find their fulfillment in the Messiah as we learn about and celebrate them together as His Body and as His Bride.

Every Month -

Shabbat - (Hebrew: שַׁבָּת) “Sabbath”, a holy convocation/ day of assembling (*Lev. 23:3; Heb.10:25*) beginning sundown Friday (*Erev Shabbat*) and lasting until sundown on Saturday. It is customary to assemble in a Torah-observing congregation on Shabbat for worship, Scripture readings, special blessings, meals, and fellowship. The word “Sabbath” occurs 96 times in the Tanakh (*Torah, Prophets, Writings*), and 59 times in the Gospels and Epistles (*Mt., Mk, Lk, Jn, Acts, Col.*). Yeshua, our Master and Lord of the Shabbat (*Mt. 12:8, Mk. 2:28, Lk 6:6*), was recorded with regards to the Shabbat at least 13 times.

Rosh Khodesh - (Hebrew: ראש חודש) “Head of the Month” is the celebration of the new month (*Num. 10:10; Psa. 81:3*), which symbolizes our spiritual renewal and rebirth in Messiah. If a Hebrew month has 29 days, one day of Rosh Khodesh is celebrated; if a Hebrew month has 30 days, two days of Rosh Khodesh are celebrated. It is customary to recite a special blessing to the Lord on Rosh Khodesh when you see the crescent of the new moon in the night sky.

Khodesh [Shabbat] Mevarkhim - (Hebrew: שבת מברכים) “The Shabbat [when] we bless [the new month]” occurs directly before Rosh Khodesh, the evening (*Erev Shabbat*) service and/or Shabbat day service may feature announcing the beginning of the new month with special blessings, liturgy, etc.

This Month -

Underlined Holidays on the calendar are linked to the HebCal (or another website) that gives detailed information about those holidays. Please note: HebCal is not a Messianic site and will not reference Yeshua as we do, but the information is helpful for observing Biblical holidays that are at the root of Judaism, the faith of Abraham, as well as the faith of Yeshua our Messiah, the King of the Jews, of whom we are a part through the Renewed Covenant in His blood..

Notes

For access to a free PDF version of this calendar with links to online Scripture videos and more, go to <https://www.yeshuastemple.com/membersarea>