

**August
2026**

YESHUA'S TEMPLE/DON'T GIVE UP MINISTRIES
Torah Portions & Bible-in-a-Year Calendar

**Av (5) / Elul (6)
5786**

Sun	Mon	Tues	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
7/26 Av 12 <u>#46 – P. Eikey*</u> NK – Job 39-42 BH – Heb. 2	7/27 Av 13 NK – Sng. Sol. 1-4 BH – Heb. 3	7/28 Av 14 NK – Sng. Sol. 5-8 BH – Heb. 4	7/29 Av 15 NK – Ruth 1-4 BH – Heb. 5	7/30 Av 16 NK – Lam. 1-2 BH – Heb. 6	7/31 Av 17 Candle Lighting 8:00 pm <u>*Deut. 7:12-11:25</u> <u>*H- Isa. 49:14-51:3</u> <u>*BH – Mt. 1:6:13-20</u>	1 Av 18 <u>Shabbat Vatomer Tzion</u> Hav'dalah at 8:55 pm
2 Av 19 <u>#47 – P. Re'eh*</u> NK – Lam. 3-5 BH – Heb. 7	3 Av 20 NK – Ecc. 1-3 BH – Heb. 8	4 Av 21 NK – Ecc. 4-7 BH – Heb. 9	5 Av 22 NK – Ecc. 8-12 BH – Heb. 10	6 Av 23 NK – Est. 1-3 BH – Heb. 11	7 Av 24 Candle Lighting 7:54 pm <u>*Deut. 11:26-16:17</u> <u>*H- Isa. 54:11-55:5</u> <u>*BH – Jn. 6:35-51</u>	8 Av 25 <u>Shabbat Mevarkhim Elul</u> <u>Shabbat Aniyah So'arah</u> Hav'dalah at 8:49 pm
9 Av 26 <u>#48 – P. Shoftim*</u> NK – Est. 4-6 BH – Heb. 12	10 Av 27 NK – Est. 7-10 BH – Heb. 13	11 Av 28 NK – Dan. 1-2 BH – Jam. 1	12 Av 29 NK – Dan 3-4 BH – Jam. 2	13 Av 30 NK – Dan 5-6 BH – Jam. 3	14 <u>L'behemot</u> Elul 1 <u>Rosh Khodesh Elul</u> Candle Lighting 7:48 pm <u>*Deut. 16:18-21:9</u> <u>*H-Isa. 51:12-52:12</u> <u>*BH – Jn. 14:9-20</u>	15 Elul 2 <u>Shabbat Anokhi</u> Hav'dalah at 8:43 pm
16 Elul 3 <u>#49-P. Ki Tetzei*</u> NK – Dan. 7-8 BH – Jam. 41	17 Elul 4 NK – Dan. 9-10 BH – Jam. 5	18 Elul 5 NK – Dan. 11-12 BH – 1 Peter 1	19 Elul 6 NK – Ezra 1-3 BH – 1 Peter 2	20 Elul 7 NK – Ezra 4-5 BH – 1 Peter 3	21 Elul 8 Candle Lighting 7:42 pm <u>*Deut. 21:10-25:19</u> <u>*H- Isa. 54:1-10</u> <u>*BH – Mt. 24:29-42</u>	22 Elul 9 <u>Shabbat Roni Akarah</u> Hav'dalah at 8:35 pm
23 Elul 10 <u>#50 – P. Ki Tavo*</u> NK – Ezra 6-8 BH – 1 Peter 4	24 Elul 11 NK – Ezra 9-10 BH – 1 Peter 5	25 Elul 12 NK – Neh. 1-4 BH – 2 Peter 1	26 Elul 13 NK – Neh. 5-7 BH – 2 Peter 2	27 Elul 14 NK – Neh. 8-9 BH – 2 Peter 3	28 Elul 15 Candle Lighting 7:34 pm <u>*Deut. 26:1-29:8</u> <u>*H- Isa. 60:1-22</u> <u>*BH – Mt. 4:13-24</u>	29 Elul 16 <u>Shabbat Kumi Ori</u> Hav'dalah at 8:27 pm
30 Elul 17 <u>#51– P. Nitzavim*</u> <u>#52– P. Vavelekh*</u> NK – Neh. 10-11 BH – 1 Jn. 1-5	31 Elul 18 NK – Neh. 12-13 BH – 2 Jn., 3 Jn	9/1 Elul 19 NK – 1 Chr. 1-2 BH – Jude 1	9/2 Elul 20 NK – 1 Chr. 3-4 BH – Rev. 1	9/3 Elul 21 NK – 1 Chr. 5-6 BH – Rev. 2	9/4 CL 7:27 pm Elul 22 <u>*Deut. 29:9- 30:20</u> <u>*Deut. 31:1-31:30</u> <u>*H- Isa. 61:10-63:9</u> <u>*BH – Jn. 12:41-50</u>	9/5 Elul 23 <u>Leil Selichot</u> <u>Shabbat Sos Asis</u> Hav'dalah at 8:19pm

(Underlined PDF links enabled above contain Par'shah playlist videos from Yeshua's Temple YouTube Channel)
Initials, Symbols, and Terms, Par'shah Names & Meanings, This Month's Holidays, Holiday Descriptions, and more on the next page.

August 2026 Par'shah (Portion) Names Marked with * . Scriptures listed each Friday.

(Underlined par'shah PDF links below (if enabled) will contain par'shah-themed videos from Sharon's Messianic Journey YouTube Channel)

Eikev – עֵקֶב – “Following”

Re'eh – רָאָה – “See”

Shoftim – שֹׁפְטִים – “Judges”

Ki Tetzei – כִּי-תֵצֵא – “When You Go Out”

Ki Tavo – כִּי-תָבוֹא – “When You Come In”

Nitzavim – נִצָּבִים – “Standing”

Vayeilekh – וַיֵּלֶךְ – “And He Went”

Initials, Symbols, and Terms

P. - Par'shah (Portion of the Torah - 1st Five Books)

*- Torah Portion, Read on Shabbat (see Holidays)

Erev – Hebrew for “Evening of”

*H – Haftarah – (Prophets - Shabbat Reading)

() - Number of the month on the Biblical calendar

Khazak (if shown) – Last Portion in that Torah Book

NK - Nevi'im Ketuvim (Prophets & Writings)

BH - Brit Hadashah (Re(New)ed Covenant)r

Hav'dalah – Traditional After-Shabbat Ceremony

Why Do We Use This Calendar?

This calendar has been compiled to help anyone who desires to keep the Biblical festival days, holidays, fast days, and weekly reading schedule to help them gain a better understanding of God and His Word, while at the same time reading the Scriptures through in a year, including the Brit Hadashah (Re(New)ed Covenant). The first Biblical account of public Torah readings is found in Nehemiah 8 (after Israel returned from captivity in Babylon), where Ezra the scribe read aloud from the scrolls of the Torah to the entire congregation of Israel. This occurrence eventually led to weekly Torah readings in synagogues. As in the time of Yeshua (Jesus), even until today, the children of Israel still read the Torah Portions in a cycle, a portion each week, for the entire year. Because of this, Yeshua almost certainly would have followed the Torah Portions schedule and celebrated most, if not all, of the Biblical holidays and traditions listed on this calendar, especially those which are commanded by Scripture. We believe it is advantageous to follow the Torah portions schedule to learn more about the things of God from a Hebrew perspective, which can help us immensely with our spiritual growth. As a result, most of the terms on this calendar are often given in Hebrew transliterated terms with a translation and a short description.

We can better appreciate how they all find their fulfillment in the Messiah as we learn about and celebrate them together as His Body and as His Bride.

Every Month -

Shabbat - (Hebrew: שַׁבָּת) “Sabbath”, a holy convocation/ day of assembling (Lev. 23:3; Heb.10:25) beginning sundown Friday (Erev Shabbat) and lasting until sundown on Saturday. It is customary to assemble in a Torah-observing congregation on Shabbat for worship, Scripture readings, special blessings, meals, and fellowship. The word “Sabbath” occurs 96 times in the Tanakh (Torah, Prophets, Writings), and 59 times in the Gospels and Epistles (Mt., Mk, Lk, Jn, Acts, Col.). Yeshua, our Master and Lord of the Shabbat (Mt. 12:8, Mk. 2:28, Lk 6:6), was recorded with regards to Shabbat at least 13 times.

Rosh Khodesh - (Hebrew: רֹאשׁ חֹדֶשׁ) “Head of the Month” is the celebration of the new month (Num. 10:10; Psa. 81:3), which symbolizes our spiritual renewal and rebirth in Messiah. If the ending Hebrew month has 29 days, one day of Rosh Khodesh is celebrated; if the ending Hebrew month has 30 days, two days of Rosh Khodesh are celebrated. It is customary to recite a special blessing to the Lord on Rosh Khodesh when you see the crescent of the new moon in the night sky.

Khodesh [Shabbat] Mevarkhim – (Hebrew: שְׁבַת מְבָרְכִים) “The Shabbat [when] we bless [the new month]” occurs directly before Rosh Khodesh, the evening (Erev Shabbat) service (in certain synagogues) and/or Shabbat day service may feature announcing the beginning of the new month with special blessings, liturgy, etc.

Holidays This Month -

Underlined (linked) holidays on the digital PDF calendar will direct you to HebCal (the Hebrew Calendar site) or another website which will give some more detailed information about those holidays. Please note: Not all sites linked are Messianic sites and may not reference Yeshua as we do, but the information can be helpful for observing Biblical holidays that are at the root of Messianic Judaism, the faith of Abraham, and the faith of Yeshua our Messiah, the King of the Jews, of whom we are a part through the Renewed Covenant in His blood.

Notes

For access to a free PDF version of this calendar with links to online Scripture videos and more, go to <https://www.yeshuastemple.com/membersarea>